Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2020



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THE UNIVERSITY OF MANITOBA PENSION PLAN (1993)

RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Pension Committee of The University of Manitoba Pension Plan (1993) (Pension Committee) administers the Pension Plan in accordance with The Pension Benefits Act of the Province of Manitoba and with provision of the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Pension Committee's responsibilities as administrator, includes the integrity, objectivity and preparation of the accompanying financial statements and notes. The financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans. The financial statements have been approved by the Pension Committee.

The Pension Committee and management maintain a system of internal control to provide a reasonable assurance that the books and records from which the financial statements are derived, are complete, accurate and properly reflect all transactions. Independent custodians prepare records of all investment transactions.

KPMG has examined the financial statements and expressed a written opinion.

Cheryl A. Britton Financial and Investment Analyst

Bernard Gold Director, Pension Office

May 21, 2021 Winnipeg, Manitoba



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba

To the Pension Committee of The University of Manitoba Pension Plan (1993)

To the Board of Governors of The University of Manitoba

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The University of Manitoba Pension Plan (1993) (the "Entity"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, the statements of changes in net assets available for benefits and changes in pension obligations for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2020, and its changes in net assets available for benefits and its changes in pension obligations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.



 Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

LPMG LLP

Winnipeg, Canada

May 21, 2021

The University of Manitoba Pension Plan (1993)

Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2020

(\$ thousands)

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Investments (Note 3)	\$ 1,341,427	\$ 1,294,129
Contribution Receivable Member Employer	438	14 260
Special Payment Receivable (Note 11)	-	12,000
Accrued Income Receivable	1,229	1,461
TOTAL ASSETS	1,343,094	1,307,864
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	1,373	3,489
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,373	3,489
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS	1,341,721	1,304,375
PENSION OBLIGATIONS (Note 2e)	1,349,144	1,286,807
PLAN (DEFICIT) SURPLUS	\$ (7,423)	\$ 17,568

The University of Manitoba Pension Plan (1993)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits

For the year ended December 31, 2020 (\$ thousands)

	Member Regular	Member Voluntary	Employer Regular	Pension Guarantee Excess Funding	Pensioner Account	Pensioner Solvency Account		
INCREASE IN ASSETS								
Contributions	\$ 27,749	\$ -	\$ 27,749	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,498	\$ 53,922
Transfers	-	67	-	-	-	-	67	750
Special payment (Note 11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,000
Special payment for unfunded liability (Note 11)	-	-	-	-	-	156	156	-
Current service funding (Note 11)	-	-	-	4,644	-	-	4,644	3,127
Investment income (Note 7)	9,612	170	9,612	646	8,526	2,180	30,746	32,262
Current period change in fair value of investments (Note 8)	17,663	312	17,664	1,186	15,667	4,007	56,499	133,733
	55,024	549	55,025	6,476	24,193	6,343	147,610	235,794
DECREASE IN ASSETS								
Retirement benefits	20,537	1,119	20,537	12,876	37,377	-	92,446	89,785
Refunds and transfers	5,357	111	5,357	51	-	-	10,876	10,242
Benefits on death	117	-	117	299	9	-	542	5,121
Administrative expenses (Note 10)	2,001	35	2,001	134	1,775	454	6,400	7,370
	28,012	1,265	28,012	13,360	39,161	454	110,264	112,518
INTRA PLAN TRANSFERS								
To Pensioner Account (Note 6)	(10,805)	-	(10,805)	(7,979)	29,589	-	-	-
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) FOR THE YEAR	16,207	(716)	16,208	(14,863)	14,621	5,889	37,346	123,276
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	404,543	7,428	404,550	47,018	360,483	80,353	1,304,375	1,181,099
NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$ 420,750	\$ 6,712	\$ 420,758	\$ 32,155	\$ 375,104	\$ 86,242	\$ 1,341,721	\$ 1,304,375

The University of Manitoba Pension Plan (1993)

Statement of Changes in Pension Obligations

For the year ended December 31, 2020 (\$ thousands)

	2020	2019
Actuarial present value of pension obligations (accrued pension benefits) at beginning of year	\$1,286,807	\$1,200,351
Interest accrued on benefits	72,247	120,872
Benefits accrued	59,556	57,833
Benefits paid	(103,864)	(105,148)
Experience losses (gains)	3,863	(2,054)
Assumption changes	30,535	14,953
Actuarial present value of pension obligations (accrued pension benefits) at end of year	\$1,349,144	\$1,286,807

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

1. Description of Plan

General

The University of Manitoba Pension Plan (1993) (the "Plan") is a trusteed plan administered in accordance with The Pension Benefits Act of the Province of Manitoba and with provisions of The Income Tax Act (Canada).

The Pension Committee of the Plan is the Administrator. The University of Manitoba (the "University") is the Plan sponsor. CIBC Mellon Trust Company has been appointed trustee and custodian in accordance with the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Pension Committee and CIBC Mellon Trust Company.

The following description of the Plan is a summary only. For more complete information, reference should be made to the plan document.

Eligibility

Staff members of the University other than those eligible for membership in The University of Manitoba GFT Pension Plan (1986) are eligible for membership in the Plan.

Funding

The Plan members contribute at the rate of 9.0% of salary less an adjustment for the Canada Pension Plan. The University matches these contributions.

If an actuarial valuation reveals a deficiency in the fund, The Pension Benefits Act of the Province of Manitoba requires that the University make additional contributions to fund the deficiency. These special payments are highlighted in Note 11.

Retirement Benefits

At retirement, the Plan provides that the member's Contribution Account and University Contribution Account are applied to establish retirement income known as a plan annuity. This annuity is determined using a pension factor established by the Actuary and is paid from the Plan. The Plan provides that if the defined benefit pension based on a formula involving the member's years of service and highest

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

average earnings exceeds the plan annuity, the difference (known as a supplementary pension) is paid from the Plan. The Plan provides for retirement benefits paid from the Plan to be increased using an excess interest approach, provided such increase can be afforded by the Plan as confirmed by the Actuary.

Survivor Benefits

In the event of the death of a member who is receiving a plan annuity, the amounts payable, if any, shall be paid in accordance with the form of the retirement benefits selected. If the recipient of the death benefit is not the eligible spouse and the benefit consists of the remaining payments under a guarantee period, the recipient may elect either to receive the remaining payments on a monthly basis or to receive an actuarially equivalent lump sum benefit.

Termination Benefits

The Plan provides for full and immediate vesting on termination of employment subject to the provisions of The Pension Benefits Act of the Province of Manitoba.

Pre-retirement Death Benefits

The benefit on death prior to retirement is the accumulated values of a member's Contribution Account and the member's University Contribution Account, including any supplementary pension for members who are eligible to retire.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for pension plans. The Plan has adopted Part II (Private Enterprises) accounting standards for all accounting policies that do not relate to the valuation of the investment portfolio or pension obligations.

These financial statements do not reflect an individual plan member's benefit security.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

b) Financial Instruments

The financial instruments of the Plan consist of investments, contribution receivable, special payment receivable (2019), accrued income receivable and accounts payable which includes benefits and member regular contributions payable (2019 – benefits payable).

The Plan recognizes and derecognizes all financial assets and liabilities in accordance with *Financial Instruments*, Section 3856, of Part II of the CPA Canada Handbook.

All investment assets and liabilities are measured at fair value based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) 13.

Initially, all financial assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value on the Statement of Financial Position. Subsequent measurement is determined by the classification of each financial asset and liability. Investment assets and liabilities are measured at fair value with the change in fair value recognized in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Financial instruments classified as accrued income receivable, contribution receivable, special payment receivable (2019) and accounts payable are measured at amortized cost.

Fair values of investments are determined as follows:

Fixed Income

- (i) Short-term investments are recorded at cost which approximates fair value.
- (ii) The pooled mortgage funds are valued by the external fund managers.
- (iii) Bonds and debentures are valued at market by an independent securities valuation company.

Equity

- (i) Publicly traded securities are recorded at year end market prices.
- (ii) The pooled equity funds are valued by the external fund managers.

Real Estate

(i) The pooled real estate funds are valued by the external fund managers.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

c) Foreign Currency Translation

The fair value of investments denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect at year end and the resulting change is included in the change in fair value of investments. Revenue and expense transactions are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions and are included in investment income or the change in fair value of investments (realized gains or losses) or administrative expenses at the translated amounts.

d) Allocation of Income/Loss to Individual Plan Members

Investment income/loss is determined and allocated to individual member accounts monthly. Investment income/loss for a month consists of dividend and interest income, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments and unrealized investment gains or losses. Expenses as defined in the service agreement are deducted before the allocation is made. Net investment income/loss is distributed pro-rata to all member accounts based on the member's account balance at the beginning of the month.

e) Pension Obligations

The Plan is a hybrid pension plan that includes defined benefit and defined contribution components.

The pension obligations of a defined benefit pension plan are the actuarial present value of accrued pension benefits determined by applying best estimate assumptions and the projected benefit method prorated on service.

f) Use of Estimates

In preparing these financial statements, estimates and assumptions have been used that primarily affect the reported values of certain assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of changes in net assets available for benefits during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

3. Investments

	Cost	Fair Value	% of Asset Mix at Fair Value
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 37,417	\$ 37,351	2.8%
Bonds and debentures	228,870	241,215	18.0%
Mortgages - pooled	144,378	146,022	10.9%
Real estate - pooled	98,202	132,971	9.9%
Canadian equities	233,617	245,081	18.3%
Foreign equities	439,900	538,787	40.1%
	\$1,182,384	¢1 241 427	100.0%
As at Dece		\$1,341,427 thousands)	100.070
As at Dece	ember 31, 2019 (\$	thousands)	% of Asset Mix at Fair
	Cost	thousands) Fair Value	% of Asset Mix at Fair Value
Cash and short-term investments	Cost \$ 26,732	thousands) Fair Value \$ 26,655	% of Asset Mix at Fair Value 2.1%
Cash and short-term investments Bonds and debentures	Cost \$ 26,732 167,565	Fair Value \$ 26,655 172,221	% of Asser Mix at Fair Value 2.1% 13.3%
Cash and short-term investments Bonds and debentures Mortgages - pooled	Cost \$ 26,732 167,565 180,128	Fair Value \$ 26,655 172,221 178,098	% of Asset Mix at Fair Value 2.1% 13.3% 13.8%
Cash and short-term investments Bonds and debentures Mortgages - pooled Real estate - pooled	Cost \$ 26,732 167,565 180,128 100,518	Fair Value \$ 26,655 172,221 178,098 135,797	% of Asse Mix at Fair Value 2.1% 13.3% 13.8% 10.5%
As at Dece Cash and short-term investments Bonds and debentures Mortgages - pooled Real estate - pooled Canadian equities Foreign equities	Cost \$ 26,732 167,565 180,128	Fair Value \$ 26,655 172,221 178,098	% of Asse Mix at Fair Value 2.1% 13.3% 13.8%

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

4. Risk Management

Fair values of investments are exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, financial markets experienced exceptional volatility in 2020. The Plan's exposures across all risk parameters including market, credit and liquidity remained within all risk limits set out in the Plan's Statement of Investment Policies and Procedures, except as reported by the individual investment managers.

a) Market risk

Market risk consists of other price risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

i) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual investment, or factors affecting all securities traded in the market.

To mitigate the impact of other price risk, the Plan invests in a diversified portfolio of investments based on an approved Statement of Investment Policies and Procedures. Asset class diversification reduces risk. Within each asset class, risk is managed by quality constraints on investments, restrictions on investments in private placements and investment style diversification. The Plan's target asset allocation reflects a risk/return trade-off which was assessed by the Pension Committee on the basis of long-term prospects in the capital market taking into account the Plan's benefits, liabilities and financial situation with consideration given to all factors that may affect funding, solvency and the ability of the Plan to meet its financial obligations.

The Plan's target asset allocation, based on fair value, was amended in 2020 to the following:

23.3%	
	2.0%
	10.75%
	10.75%
	23.5%

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Equities	56.5%	
Canadian		18.0%
United States		19.5%
EAFE		19.0%
Alternatives	20.0%	
Real Estate	20.070	10.0%
Infrastructure		10.0%

Until infrastructure is fully funded, the assets allocated to this asset class will remain in Universe Bonds.

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the effect on the fair value of assets and liabilities due to fluctuations in interest rates. The value of the Plan's bond portfolio assets are directly affected by changes in nominal and real interest rates. A 100 basis point decrease (increase) in interest rates, assuming all other variables held constant, would result in an increase (decrease) in the bond portfolio fair value by approximately \$19.3 million (2019 - \$13.8 million).

The established investment policies for the bond mandates have guidelines on concentration, duration, and distribution which are designed to partially mitigate the risks of interest rate volatility.

A 100 basis point decrease (increase) in interest rates, assuming all other variables held constant, would result in an increase (decrease) in the fair value of the combined pooled mortgage and real estate portfolios by approximately \$4.7 million (2019 - \$5.6 million).

Pension liabilities are exposed to fluctuations in long-term interest rates as well as expectations in salary escalation. A decrease (increase) in interest rates would increase (decrease) the pension liabilities.

iii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Forward foreign exchange contracts are used to manage currency exposure in connection with securities purchased in foreign currency. Forward contracts are

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

contractual agreements to exchange specified securities at an agreed upon exchange rate and at a settlement date in the future.

The Plan's exposure in cash and investments to foreign currencies reported in Canadian dollars is shown below:

	Currency Exposure	
As at December 31, 2020	(\$ thousands)	Percentage
Canadian dollar	\$ 801,772	59.8%
US dollar	289,239	21.5%
Euro	70,279	5.2%
Japanese Yen	54,577	4.1%
British Pound Sterling	50,666	3.8%
Swiss Franc	36,363	2.7%
Hong Kong dollar	9,826	0.7%
Swedish Krona	4,875	0.4%
South Korean Won	4,743	0.4%
New Taiwanese dollar	4,597	0.3%
Danish Krone	3,762	0.3%
Other currencies	10,728	0.8%
Total	\$1,341,427	100.0%

As at December 31, 2019	Currency Exposure (\$ thousands)	Percentage
Canadian dollar	\$ 755,485	58.4%
US dollar	346,021	26.7%
Euro	56,337	4.3%
British Pound Sterling	40,085	3.1%
Japanese Yen	36,977	2.9%
Swiss Franc	27,149	2.1%
Hong Kong dollar	8,895	0.7%
Swedish Krona	4,199	0.3%
Indian Rupee	3,559	0.3%
Other currencies	15,422	1.2%
Total	\$1,294,129	100.0%

A 10 percent decrease (increase) in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to all other foreign currencies, with all other variables held constant, would result in an unrealized investment gain (loss) of approximately \$53.9 million (2019 - \$53.9 million).

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential for an investee to fail or for a counterparty to default on its contractual obligations to the Plan. Credit risk is limited by dealing with counterparties that are considered to be of high quality relative to their obligations, by obtaining collateral where appropriate, through investment diversification and by setting and monitoring compliance with portfolio guidelines as set in the Statement of Investment Policies and Procedures.

At December 31, 2020, the Plan's maximum credit risk exposure relates to bonds and debentures, short-term investments and cash totaling \$278.6 million (2019 - \$198.9 million), contribution receivable of \$438,950 (2019 - \$274,726), special payment receivable of nil (2019 - \$12 million) and accrued income receivable of \$1.2 million (2019 - \$1.4 million) totaling \$280.2 million (2019 - \$212.6 million).

The Statement of Investment Policies and Procedures establishes limits for ownership of any investment and acceptable credit ratings. In the case of bonds, no more than 20% of the bond securities shall have a credit rating of BBB or lower by DBRS or the equivalent rating by another recognized agency.

The breakdown of the bond investment portfolio by credit rating from various rating agencies is presented below:

Credit Rating	December 31, 2020 Fair Value (\$ thousands)			Fair '	r 31, 2019 Value usands)
AAA	\$ 75,983	31.5%	\$	54,938	31.9%
AA	91,662	38.0%		63,033	36.6%
A	37,629	15.6%		27,728	16.1%
BBB and lower	35,941	14.9%		26,522	15.4%
	\$ 241,215	100.0%	\$	172,221	100.0%

The pooled funds are exposed to credit risk when they hold mortgages, debt securities and sales agreements. The companies of the pooled funds monitor this credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of being unable to generate sufficient cash, or its equivalent, in a timely and cost-effective manner to meet contractual obligations as they come due. The Plan is exposed to liquidity risk through its responsibility to pay benefits on a timely basis and fund their outstanding investment contractual obligations. The established investment policies mitigate liquidity risk by holding various income producing assets and limiting exposure to non-liquid asset classes.

The term to maturity and the related market values of bond investments are as follows:

Term to Maturity (\$ thousands)	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Less than one year	\$ 27,836	\$ 7,199
One to five years	54,225	39,301
Over five years	159,154	125,721
Total fixed income investments	\$ 241,215	\$ 172,221

5. Valuation of Financial Instruments at Fair Value

The Plan measures the fair value of investments using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significant inputs used in making the measurements:

- a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- b) inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

COVID-19, the novel coronavirus, has created global economic disruption and uncertainty. Despite the uncertainty as to the outcome and ultimate effects of the pandemic, the Plan has fully maintained its valuation governance processes relying on its professional resources (i.e. investment consultant, plan actuary, and investment managers) in providing their best estimate of the impact that the COVID-19 pandemic has had on the valuation of its investments as of the date of these financial statements. The Plan is monitoring developments relating to COVID-19 and continuing to assess through the performance reporting by the Plan's investment consultant and investment managers the ongoing impact on the Plan's investments.

The tables below analyze investments, measured at fair value at year end, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized:

December 31, 2020 (\$ thousands)	L	evel 1	Lev	/el 2		Total
Cash	\$	1,647	\$	-	\$	1,647
Short-term investments		-	35	5,704		35,704
Bonds and debentures		-	241	1,215		241,215
Mortgages - pooled		-	146	5,022		146,022
Real estate - pooled		-	132	2,971		132,971
Canadian equities		2,387	242	2,694		245,081
Foreign equities	1	175,125	363	3,662		538,787
	\$ 1	79,159	\$ 1,162	2,268	\$ 1	,341,427
December 31, 2019 (\$ thousands)	L	evel 1	Lev	el 2		Total
Cash	\$	2,099	\$	-	\$	2,099
Short-term investments		1,738	22	2,818		24,556
Bonds and debentures		-	172	2,221		172,221
Mortgages - pooled		-	178	3,098		178,098
Real estate - pooled		-	135	,797		135,797
Canadian equities	1	122,060	121	,842		243,902
Foreign equities	1	198,318	339	,138		537,456
	\$ 3	324,215	\$ 969	,914	\$ 1	,294,129

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

For the year ended December 31, 2020, there was a transfer of Canadian equities from level 1 to level 2. This was due to moving assets from a segregated to a pooled fund mandate through a change in investment manager. For the year ended December 31, 2019, there was also a transfer between level 1 and level 2 due to a Canadian equity manager change that moved assets from a segregated to a pooled fund mandate.

6. Pensioner Account

At retirement, the members of this Plan have the option of leaving their funds within the Plan. If the member selects this option, their total account is transferred from their member and University accounts to the Pensioner Account.

Effective December 1, 2008 the mortality basis changed significantly. This change was based on the recommendations from a mortality study based on the Plan's mortality experience. As a result, an amendment was made subdividing the Pensioner Account allocations between Plan Pensions for pre-December 1, 2008 and post-November 30, 2008 retirements.

7. Investment Income (\$ thousands)

The following table represents the investment income for the Plan. The allocation to individual plan members is described in Note 2d.

	2020	2019
Interest	\$ 11,120	\$ 12,556
Dividend	19,626	19,706
Total Investment Income	\$ 30,746	\$ 32,262

8. Current Period Change in Fair Value of Investments (\$ thousands)

The following table represents the realized and unrealized gains and losses for the Plan. The allocation to individual plan members is described in Note 2d.

	2020	2019
Net realized gains on the sale of		
investments	\$ 43,972	\$ 54,955
Net unrealized investment gains	12,527	78,778
Total Current Period Change in Fair Value		
of Investments	\$ 56,499	\$133,733

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

9. Administration Services

The Administration charge to the Plan represents the cost to operate the Plan administratively. The University, as employer and the Plan sponsor, covers some of the costs of operating the Plan, either directly or indirectly such as staff dedicated to the pension office, office space, office equipment and supplies and computer systems support.

10. Administrative Expenses (\$ thousands)

The following table represents the administrative expenses for the Plan. The allocation to individual plan members is described in Note 2d.

	2020	2019
Investment manager	\$ 4,556	\$ 5,739
University of Manitoba administration services	948	910
Consulting services	193	189
Investment custody services	185	203
Actuarial services	170	41
Transaction costs	132	134
Legal services	58	8
Member communication	51	49
Audit services	31	24
Committee education	2	-
Other expenses	74	73
Total expenses	\$ 6,400	\$ 7,370

11. Employer Special Payments

In accordance with the Plan document, the University is responsible to fund the Plan by matching members' contributions and to make any additional special payments required under The Pension Benefits Act. Based on the results of the Plan's Valuation report, as at December 31, 2019, the University was required to fund two types of special payments: the going concern deficit payments of \$156,000 (2019 - nil) and the current service cost (cost of benefits that arise in the period to the next valuation date) of \$4.6 million (2019 - \$3.1 million). The University approved the funding of an additional special payment of \$12 million for 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

12. Capital Disclosures

In the context of the Plan, capital is defined as the net assets available for pension benefits. Externally imposed capital requirements relate to the administration of the Plan in accordance with the terms of the Plan, The Pension Benefits Act of the Province of Manitoba and the provisions of The Income Tax Act (Canada). The Pension Committee, as the Administrator of the Plan, has developed appropriate risk management strategies, as described in Note 4, to preserve the net assets available for pension benefits. The Plan has complied with externally imposed capital requirements during the year.

13. Actuarial Valuation

An extrapolation to December 31, 2020 for financial reporting purposes of the 2019 actuarial valuation was completed by Eckler Ltd., a firm of consulting actuaries.

In this extrapolation, the accrued pension obligation is the sum of the defined contribution account balances at fair value and the actuarial present value of defined benefits (pensions in pay and future supplementary pensions). The actuarial present value of defined benefits is based on a number of assumptions about future events including interest rates, rate of salary increases, mortality, retirement rates and termination rates. The major assumptions used in determining the actuarial present value of pension benefits for the defined benefit component of the Plan are:

	2020	2019
	(rates are per year)	(rates are per year)
Net investment earnings ¹	6.00%	6.20%
Discount rate ²	5.50%	5.50%
Future Base Rate ³	3.25%	3.50%
Future commuted values ⁴	3.95%	3.90%
Salary increases		
- Academic Group	2.5% in 2020 and thereafter	0% in 2018, 0.75% in 2019, 1% in 2020, 1.5% in 2021 and 2.5% thereafter
- Support Group	1.0% in 2020 and 2.5% thereafter	0% in 2018, 0.75% in 2019, 1% in 2020, 1.5% in 2021 and 2.5% thereafter

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

Increases for "salary- related" amounts ⁵	2.50%	2.75%
Merit Increases ⁶	Age-related scale for academics,	Age-related scale for academics,
	0.5% to age 65, 0% thereafter for support	0.5% to age 65, 0% thereafter for support
Mortality ⁷	CPM2014Publ with agerelated adjustments, projected generationally from 2014 using Scale	CPM2014Publ with agerelated adjustments, projected generationally from 2014 using Scale
	CPM-B	CPM-B

- 1. Defined contribution account balances plus future contributions to those accounts are assumed to increase at this net rate of return on investments.
- 2. Defined benefits are discounted at this rate, except that benefits for pensioners who retired on or after December 1, 2008 are discounted at the lesser of the discount rate and the Base Rate in effect at retirement.
- 3. The future Base Rate together with the mortality table is used to determine the plan annuity provided by the defined contribution account balances for future retirements.
- 4. The commuted value rate is used to calculate the lump sum payable upon a member electing to transfer their benefit out of the plan.
- 5. Other "salary-related" amounts include yearly maximum pensionable earnings (YMPE), maximum contributions and maximum benefits.
- 6. In addition to salary increases, salaries for academic and support members are assumed to increase for reasons of promotion and merit at rates that vary by age.
- 7. The mortality assumption reflects the results of a mortality study undertaken in 2015 based on the Plan's experience for the years 2000-2014.

An actuarial valuation, for funding purposes, effective December 31, 2019, was completed in 2020 by Eckler Ltd. and filed with regulators. This valuation disclosed a going concern deficiency of \$1.607 million, which will be funded by the University over a period not longer than 15 years. The going concern special payment in 2020 was \$156,000 (Note 11). Pension legislation requires that a funding valuation with an effective date no later than December 31, 2022 be filed in 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2020

14. Investments Greater Than 1%

Based on the legislative requirements of Section 3.29 of the Pension Benefits Regulations, the following is a list of individual investments held by the Plan where the fair value is greater than one percent of the fair value of all the investments of the Plan:

Investment Description	Fair Value (\$ thousands)
C	27.070
Government of Canada 0.750% 01-Sep-2021	27,079
Province of Quebec 1.900% 01-SEP-2030	16,950
Pooled Funds	
Burgundy International (EAFE) Equity Fund	134,040
Mawer International Equity Pooled Fund	132,479
TD Emerald Canadian Equity Index Fund	128,732
PH&N RBC QUBE Low Volatility Canadian Equity Fund	113,962
TD Emerald Pooled U.S. Fund	97,143
TD Greystone Mortgage Fund	78,531
Canada Life (GWL) Mortgage Investment Fund #1	67,491
TD Greystone Real Estate Fund	67,464
Canada Life (GWL) Canadian Real Estate Investment Fund #1	65,507